



# Draff



Draff is a highly palatable and succulent moist feed that provides a rich source of digestible fibre and protein.

## Typical Analysis (on a dry matter basis)

Dry matter # (%)	Energy # (MJ ME/kg DM)	Crude # protein (%)	Oil (%)	NDF (%)	Starch (%)	Sugar (%)	DUP (%)
18.0-24.0	11-11.7	22.0-24.0	9.0	62.0	1.7	2.0	6.7

# Analysis can vary

## What are you trying to achieve?

Need	Feature	Benefit
Drive intake	Highly palatable moist feed.	Draff is often associated with higher intakes, resulting in increased milk and meat production.
Minimise risk of acidosis	High digestible fibre and low starch content.	Allows high levels to be fed safely, especially when used as a forage extender.
Traceability	Produced in the UK	A short and local supply chain creates peace of mind.
Flexibility in feeding	Can be ensiled or fed alone or with other feeds such as Sugar Beet feed to produce Grainbeet.	Can be used tactically as a forage or concentrate replacer.

The predicted responses (benefits) assume that the specified nutrient, physical or structural dietary components are limiting livestock performance in the current ration.

## Complementary Concentrate Feeds

- **High starch feeds** e.g. cereals, maize meals, confectionery products
- **Low protein feeds** e.g. cereals, soya hulls, sugar beet feed
- **Rumen bypass proteins** e.g. SoyPass, Prototec.



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## Recommended daily feed rates (per head basis)

Draff can be fed as concentrate feed, part of a TMR and as a forage replacer.

Milking Cows	Up to 20 (typically 8)kg
Dry Cows	Up to 4 kg
Replacement Heifers	Up to 10kg and up to 30 % of the DMI
Calves (to 12 weeks)	Up to 5 kg and up to 25 % of the DMI
Growing Cattle	Can be fed <i>ad lib</i> and typically up to 50% of the DMI
Finishing Cattle	Can be fed <i>ad lib</i> and typically up to 50% of the DMI
Suckler Cows	Up to 15 (typically 6)kg
Ewes and Rams	Up to 3 (typically 2)kg
Hoggets and Lambs	Can be fed <i>ad lib</i> and typically up to 50% of the DMI

DMI = dry matter intake

## Availability, handling and storage

Draff is available primarily in Scotland and Northern England as bulk tipped loads. It is advisable to contract supplies early as demand occasionally outstrips supply, particularly around the turn of the year, in early spring and also at times of forage shortage. Product density is 750kg/m<sup>2</sup>.

### Storage Tips

- Store on a clean dry concrete base.
- Storage sites should ideally be situated away from open watercourses, narrow and designed in a way that the feed face is north facing.
- Draff will be hot on arrival. It is best left for 24 hours before sheeting to let heat escape.
- Depending on the dry matter content of the Draff, the load may need to be compacted using a tractor bucket or hand shovel, to remove air and maintain close contact between the top of the load and the sheet.
- Cover with high quality plastic sheet and evenly weight with Secure Covers and gravel bags or straw bales.
- Ensure the product is completely covered with the sheet, even at the edges, to create an air tight seal.
- When feeding starts, it's best to expose 3 or 4 days worth of feed at a time. Placing a line of weights on the sheet, as far back as your intend to expose the feed, reduces the risk of air entering the clamp and aids keeping quality.
- Ensure the open face of the silo is kept neat and tidy, and should never be covered, unless the feed is to be ensiled for feeding at a later stage.



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## Additional information

### Method of production

The first stage in the production of malt whisky involves the steeping of malted barley in hot water to extract soluble sugars. The liquid 'wort' is drained off to be fermented and distilled. The residue which remains is Distillers' Malt Draff. Nutritionally, Draff is rich in digestible fibre and also contains concentrated protein and oil from the malted barley. It is moist, pale to mid brown in colour and palatable to all types of ruminant stock.

### Quality Assurance

Draff is a FEMAS assured (or a recognised equivalent), fully traceable, product, marketed by KW Alternative Feeds- a UFAS accredited merchant. Draff is listed under number 1.12.13 in the EU Catalogue of Feed Materials.

### Legal disclaimer

Suggested feeding rates are produced as a guide only and many other factors may have an overriding effect on animal response; no performance guarantee can be given. Rations should be carefully balanced for energy and protein, contain sufficient forage to maintain rumen function and be fortified with an appropriate vitamin and mineral supplement. Animals must have constant access to clean water.

## Draff

### Detailed Typical Analysis (fresh basis other than where stated)

Dry matter	%	24.0	Calcium	g/kg	0.84
Oil A	%	1.33	Magnesium	g/kg	0.41
Oil B	%	1.50	Phosphorus	g/kg	0.12
Crude protein	%	5.00	Potassium	g/kg	0.13
Fibre	%	4.09	Salt	g/kg	0.88
Ash	%	1.00	Sodium	g/kg	0.06
ME* – <i>in vivo</i>	MJ/kg DM	11-11.7	Copper	mg/kg	1.70
NDF	%	16.8	Manganese	mg/kg	7.90
Starch	%	0.43	Selenium	mg/kg	0.01
Sugar	%	0.53	Zinc	mg/kg	13.0
ERDP-FiM*	% @ 6%	3.00	Saturates	% of oil	20.0
DUP-FiM*	% @ 6%	1.69	Monounsaturates	% of oil	13.0
DUP digestibility	%	71.0	PUFAs	% of oil	67.0
sDM		0.12	Long chain PUFAs	% of oil	0.00
aDM		0.25	Lysine	% of CP	3.85
bDM		0.60	Methionine	% of CP	1.95
cDM		0.06	Cysteine	% of CP	2.05
sN		0.19	Histidine	% of CP	2.05
aN		0.33	Threonine	% of CP	3.80
bN		0.51			
cN		0.12			



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